

# METAL PRICES

NEW YORK, May 2.—Silver, 74.5-8c; lead, strong, \$10.00; spelter, firm; \$9.375@9.625; copper, \$25.00 to \$31.00.

# The Ogden Standard.

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UTAH—Tonight generally fair, preceded by local rain this afternoon; colder, with frost in west portion; Thursday generally fair.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 2, 1917.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

# United States Is Alarmed

## LONG WAR PREDICTED—FOOD TO BE SEIZED

### U-BOAT MENACE ALARMING U. S.

Four Hundred Thousand Tons of Shipping Sunk by Germans in Week.

#### SERIOUS PROBLEM

Study of Inventions to Combat Enemy Submarines Being Diligently Pursued.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Secretary Lane told the governors conferring here today with the council of national defense on the part state governments will take in the war, that the federal government had heard 400,000 tons of shipping had been sunk in the last week by German submarines. The destruction, Secretary Lane said, was not only threatening the existence of England and France, but was alarming the United States. Study of inventions to combat the submarine menace is being diligently pursued in the interior department, he said.

Secretary Lane declared he believed the war would last several years and that every resource of the country must be brought into place to bring it to a successful conclusion.

"Many persons thought," said Secretary Lane, "that all we had to do was to issue bonds and that Germany would bow her head in submission. Nothing could be farther from the truth. We do not know when this war will end. It may not be a one-year war. Personally, I believe it will last several years."

Hoover Informs U. S. Herbert C. Hoover has informed this government that Germany has food enough to last two years, perhaps longer.

"Germany has put up the greatest fight of history and she has the advantage of now fighting a defensive warfare. Don't go back home and inspire your people with the thought that immediate action can bring this war to an immediate end. Your people must look to this year's crop and next year's crop, and the next after that."

"We can't afford to fail in this war. Every man in the country is involved in this war and every man in the country is a soldier."

The United States must build ships as rapidly as possible, Lane told the delegates.

"If we don't fight the war on the other side," he said, "we shall have to fight it on this side of the Atlantic."

Lane Warns People. Secretary Lane warned his hearers against discontent and attack on the government. Always, he said, there is dissatisfaction with those who are directing a war and he urged his hearers to base their criticism on facts and not on rumor.

Secretary Baker asked the state representatives to co-operate with the government in putting into operation the army draft law. He told of military and industrial preparations, and described difficulties the government faces in raising the greatest army in the history of the country, and of the need of supplies, especially farm products and ships.

States Should Aid. The states, Secretary Baker said, can assist the government by giving support to the draft, aiding recruiting and seeing to it that proper exemptions are enforced and that men needed at home are not sent into the army.

"We are not going to work," he said, "with our right hand or our left hand, but with both hands, and every man in the country can aid."

Secretary Daniels asked the aid of the states in recruiting the naval personnel to 150,000 men, after the new bill is passed.

Later, at the state department, Secretary Lansing, in response to inquiries, said:

"It may as well be recognized that the submarine situation is very serious."

Government to Take Possession of Part of Nation's Supply, Says an Official.

CHICAGO, May 2.—Plans to seize at least a part of the nation's food supply are being considered by the United States government. This was admitted today by District Attorney C. F. Byrne, who said that within the last few days district attorneys from the Mississippi valley have conferred in Chicago on means of taking over the food supply.

He declared that any further information must come from Washington.

### FRENCH COMMISSIONERS SNAPPED WITH SECRETARY LANSING IN WASHINGTON



Left to right: Secretary Lansing, General Joffre and M. Viviani.

### THIRTEEN U. S. SAILORS LOST

Captain Harris Reports Five Gunners, Third Mate and Boatwain Saved.

#### LIEUTENANT LOST

One Death From Exposure—Explosion on the Vacuum Was Terrific.

LIVERPOOL, May 2, 3:10 p. m.—The safety of Captain Harris, five gunners and the third mate and boatwain of the American tank ship Vacuum, all of whom had been given up for lost, was made known by the captain himself in a telegram received today by the American consul H. L. Washington.

This telegram reduces the loss of life to twenty-three, about thirteen of this number being Americans. It increases to eight the number of gunners saved. It also places the loss from the crew at eighteen and the saved at eighteen.

The captain's meager telegram gave the first definite news of the loss of Lieutenant Thomas, U. S. N., and the death from exposure of P. H. Loree, but did not tell how the survivors reached land.

Explosion Was Terrific. Leslie Hatton, the wireless operator of Niagara, Wis., who, from the wireless hut, saw the wake of a torpedo and the periscope of a submarine, said the explosion was so terrific that it blew a hole right up through the ship about the engine room and put the wireless dynamo out of commission.

"I therefore," the operator added, "was unable to send wireless calls. When we were in the small boat, the submarine appeared on the surface and made a square hit with the first shell on the wireless hut, shattering it."

Frank J. Yerney, the second mate, who lost his life when the Vacuum went down, was making his first trip after the torpedoing, last March. Yerney was also second mate on that vessel.

### ENEMY AIRPLANES RAID ITALIAN TOWN

ROME, May 1, via Paris, May 2.—An official announcement today said: "Enemy airplanes last night raided Villa Vicentina. Immediately a squadron of Italian seaplanes and a section of military aircraft enemy sheds in the vicinity of Trieste and returned to their bases intact. An enemy airplane also raided Vallona yesterday, doing insignificant material damage. There were no victims."

### CAPT. RINTELEN ADMITS GUILT

Made Efforts to Embroil United States With Mexico and Japan.

#### FOMENTED STRIKES

Planned a Pro-German Publicity Campaign and Conspired With Seven Others.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Efforts to embroil this country with Mexico and Japan so as to stop the shipment of munitions from the United States to the entente allies were, by his own assertion, made by Captain Franz Rintelen of the German navy, according to testimony given here today at his trial on a charge of conspiring with seven other men, Americans, to foment strikes in munition factories and on docks.

The testimony was given by John C. Hammond, an advertising man, who said Rintelen came to him with a plan to carry on a pro-German publicity campaign, details of which he gave the department of justice at the time.

### TURKS OCCUPY TOWN OF MUSH

Constantinople Reports Russian Evacuation of Important Position in Armenia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Tuesday, May 1, via London, May 2, 1:50 p. m.—The evacuation by the Russians of Mush, in Turkish Armenia, is announced by the war office. The town has been occupied by the Turks.

Mush is an important town eighty-three miles southeast of Erzerum, forty miles west of Lake Van.

The Russians have been in possession of virtually all of Turkish Armenia since last year and there has been no indication of any change in the military situation which would cause them to retire.

### ADVENTISTS FEAR WAR

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Seventh Day Adventists, fearing misunderstanding of the declaration filed with the war department asking exemption from military service which would violate their "conscientious obedience to the law of God" today directed attention to paragraphs of the declaration. These express the willingness of members of the organization to aid the government in this war in any capacity which would not violate their convictions.

### TROOPS WILL BE SENT TO FRANCE

French Commission Recommends Participation of Americans in Fighting Germans.

#### HAVE MORAL EFFECT

Food Shipments Must Go First—Troops Would Divert 500,000 Tons.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The French commissioners today had assurance that the American government is willing to send troops to France—one of the urgent recommendations they brought to this country—when the allies believe they can afford to spare the necessary ships for transporting an army and its equipment across the Atlantic.

The administration has put aside the objections of the army general staff to sending any troops to the battle front until a big force has been raised and trained for nearly a year, and has decided that for the sake of the moral effect of America's actual participation in trench battling a small contingent shall go forward as soon as possible.

This will be soon, it is believed, although the government is mindful that nearly 500,000 tons of shipping would be required for a regular army unit of 24,000 men, and that this amount would have to be diverted from carrying food.

### GERMANY MUST CHANGE SYSTEM

Governmental Methods Clearly Proven Failure—Bureaucratic Barriers Must Be Removed.

AMSTERDAM, via London, May 2, 6:25 a. m.—The Hamburger Fremdenblatt has come to the conclusion that the German political system is a failure and must be changed.

The paper says: "There is no use theorizing. There is something wrong with our governmental system, as is clearly proved by Germany's political failures and in fact by the whole war. Fresh blood must be infused in the government."

The Fremdenblatt advocates the removal of the bureaucratic barriers in order to allow the parliament and government to work in closer touch.

### BRITISH EXPERTS TO STAY IN U. S.

Will Help Work Out Arrangements for Shipping, Munitions, Food and Trade.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The British mission expects to be here at least ten days longer. Then the party will leave for New York and possibly a short trip into the middlewest. Several experts will remain permanently in Washington to help work out the arrangements agreed upon and to reinforce the staff of the British embassy. Included would probably be a shipping, munitions, food and trade expert.

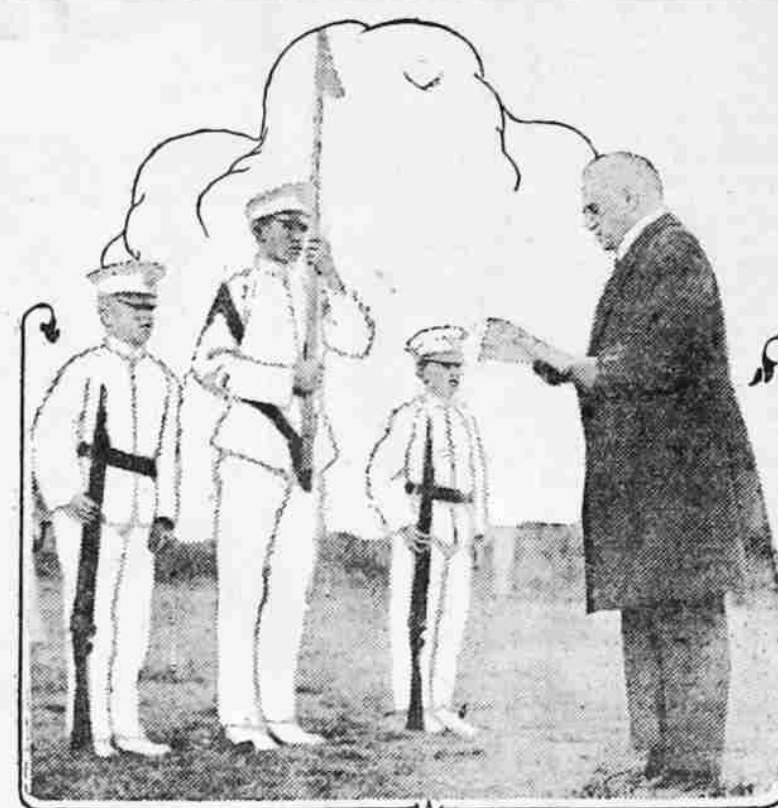
Reports of fresh peace offers from Berlin brought forth the statement from the mission today that a series of feelers were expected during the next few months.

As an immense amount of quiet peace efforts has been under way by Teutonic emissaries, but no credence is being placed in their acceptability. Germany was stated to have made advances proposing surrendering her conquests in the east and west on condition of retaining her Balkan way to Bagdad and Mesopotamia, but the allies have been more united against that plan than against any other proposal.

### TRAFFIC IN HABIT-FORMING DRUGS

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Traffic in habit-forming drugs in the United States has been reduced many-fold under the Harrison anti-narcotic act, and is decreasing annually, according to reports to the national drug trade conference meeting here today, by investigating committees. The conference was attended by representatives of druggists', manufacturing chemists' and physicians' organizations.

### HAWAIIAN YOUTHS LOYAL TO THE FLAG



Gov. Pinkham of Hawaii presenting a new flag to the color squad of the boys' brigade of the government high school at Honolulu.

### FIERCE FIGHT IS ON IN RUMANIA

Russian Attack on Heights North of Oituz Valley Repulsed With Heavy Loss.

BERLIN, May 2, via London, 4:55 p. m.—Severe fighting was begun on the Rumanian front yesterday. The war office announces that a Russian attack on the heights north of the Oituz valley was repulsed and that heavy losses were inflicted by the Germans.

### GERMAN ATTACK ON AISNE FRONT

Assaults Only Partially Repulsed by Troops—Violent Fighting in Champagne.

Air Squadrons Throw Projectiles on Military Establishments of Germans.

PARIS, May 2, 2:07 p. m.—The Germans made several attacks last night on the Aisne front. Today's official announcement says they were partially repulsed by French machine gun fire and grenades. In the Champagne the French made progress.

The statement follows: "Near Chemin-des-Dames the artillery was fairly active. On the Cerny-Hurtelise-Craonne front the enemy made several attacks on our trenches and small posts. The attacks were partially repulsed."

"In the Champagne the artillery fighting attained a degree of violence in the sectors of Mont Cornillet and Mont Haut. Grenade fighting occurred in the wood west of Mont Cornillet, in which we made progress. Near Epargues our detachments penetrated the German lines at several points, destroying defense works and returning with material."

"On Monday night French air squadrons threw projectiles on the military establishments at Lacon, Vouziers and Rethel."

### GERMANY'S WAR LOSS IS GREAT

AMSTERDAM, via London, May 2, 7:55 a. m.—One million, three hundred thousand Germans have perished in the war, according to a statement made by Joseph Friedrich Naumann, formerly a conservative member of the Reichstag. Herr Naumann, lecturing on the "influence of the war on population," said in part:

"Until now the war has caused a loss of 1,300,000 dead. This, together with the decrease in birth, gives a reduction of 3,800,000. The surplus of females has increased 800,000 to far more than 2,000,000. The nation has been as never since the thirty years' war."

### POWERFUL U. S. FLEET NEEDED

Great Problems Before Allied Nations—Closest Possible Co-operation Needed.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Vice Admiral Chocheprat, representing the ministry of marine in the French mission here, issued a statement today which, in part, follows:

"The United States is in possession of the most powerful fleet in the world next to the British, and this is bound to weigh heavily in hastening the day when final victory will be won from the foe."

"You must not expect me to discuss in detail our general war plans, especially as regards our campaign against enemy submarines. I need only say that that is a question claiming priority above all others."

"You will understand that I have fully and frankly explained these problems to your high naval officials. I have every reason to hope that we shall succeed in establishing the closest possible co-operation between the American allied navies for the assurance of the freedom of the seas, the protection of trade and the triumph of our rights."

Conferences between the members of the mission and representatives of the United States continued.

### GERMAN SHIPS ARE CONFISCATED

Eleven Officers and 35 Men From Steamships at Samoa Are Confined.

PAGO PAGO, American Samoa, April 15.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Information that a state of war had been declared between the United States and Germany was made public here by Commander John M. Poyer, the governor of American Samoa, Saturday, April 7, after the two German ships in the harbor had been seized by naval detachments. The vessels are the steamships Elsass, 6,591 tons, and the Solt, 3,408 tons. The machinery of the boats was practically undamaged.

The eleven officers and 35 men of the crews of the two vessels were at breakfast when the bluejackets boarded them without warning. They were removed to the shore, where the interrupted breakfast was continued. The officers have been given quarters in the station barracks and the sailors confined in the building used by the island government as a jail.

### BIG MAY DAY FETE.

PETROGRAD, via London, May 1, 9:45 p. m.—The Russian capital today inaugurated its first great May day fete without fear of opposition from any reactionary quarter. The weather was beautiful and numberless processions passed along the streets throughout the day. Everything passed off in perfect order, although a million persons participated in the parades. The government had proclaimed the day a general holiday.

### AMERICAN SHIP IS TORPEDOED

German Submarines Sends Down Steamship Rockingham—Thirteen Missing.

#### TWO BOATS ARE SAVED

Thirty-three of Crew Picked Up by Patrol—En Route to Liverpool.

LONDON, May 2, 6:14 p. m.—The American steamer Rockingham has been sunk by a German submarine. Thirteen men are missing.

Two boats containing thirty-three men were picked up yesterday by a patrol vessel. One boat containing 13 men is missing.

The Rockingham carried guns and a United States naval crew when she left Baltimore, her owners said.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The American steamer Rockingham, formerly the steamship Nebraska, was of 4,408 tons gross. She was built at Camden, N. J., in 1902 and was owned by the Garland steamship corporation. It was announced by officers of the corporation here that the Rockingham left Baltimore April 19 for Liverpool under command of Captain Charles Edwards of Brooklyn. Captain Edwards is a naturalized American of English birth.

The Rockingham carried forty-nine men, including many Americans. The crew numbered thirty-six, and the naval contingent consisted of a lieutenant and twelve men. The value of the ship and her general cargo was \$3,250,000. The vessel was due in Liverpool today.

### U-BOATS SINK MANY NEUTRALS

Seventy-five Norwegian Vessels Sunk and Over 100 Sailors' Lives Lost in April.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, May 2, via London, 11:22 a. m.—Seventy-five Norwegian vessels were sunk by German submarines in April and more than 100 sailors lost their lives. If such a monthly loss was maintained Norway's merchant navy would be destroyed in a year and a half.

LONDON, May 2, 11:20 a. m.—According to the Central News, the Norwegian foreign office has announced the sinking of the Norwegian steamers Hectoria and Langland by German submarines. The crews were saved.

### ARTILLERY BUSY ON BRITISH LINE

Both Sides Active at Various Points Between Lens and St. Quentin.

LONDON, May 2, 1:42 p. m.—"Both the artilleries were active during the night at a number of points on our front between St. Quentin and Lens," says today's official statement regarding operations on the Franco-Belgian front.

"In the neighborhood of Fauquissart German raiding party was repulsed. Otherwise nothing occurred."

### BENEVOLENT ORDER of AMERICAN SCOUTS

The first meeting of Benevolent Order of American Scouts will be held at Eagle Hall, 2437 Hudson Ave., at 8 p. m. Monday evening, May 7th. All members are requested to be present at this meeting. It is desired that all members get acquainted and gain a full understanding of just what this society is offering in the line of unusual advantages to those who join its ranks.

E. J. SPOONER, Chief Scout.